

## Short Communication: Open Access

# Evidence of MHC Class I and Class II Genes in Echinodermata

Michel Leclerc\*

\*Laboratory Immunology of Invertebrates, Orleans University, France.

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## ABSTRACT

It seems obvious to recall the found genomic results in *Ophiocomina nigra* and *Antedon bifida* (Echinodermata) from a point of view of genomic evolution: 2 MHC class I genes (HLA-E, HLA-B), 2 MHC class II genes (HLA-DRB1, HLA-DQB1) appear in them in the past, at the Cambrian period.

**Keywords:** HLA-E, HLA-B, HLA-DQB1, HLA-DRB1

## INTRODUCTION

Recently, it was shown that, HLA-DRB1 gene existed in *Ophiocomina nigra* [1], so HLA-DQB1 gene [2]. In the same manner we demonstrated the existence of HLA-E, HLA-B genes in *Ophiocomina nigra* and *Antedon bifida* [2]. It was correlated to the presence of IPA (Invertebrate Primitive Antibody) in Echinodermata [3,4]. Genesis of these works were recalling in this paper.

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

### Animals

*Ophiocomina nigra* (Ophuirid) and *Antedon bifida* (Crinoïd) were obtained at the station « Of Biologie Marine of Roscoff » France.

### Obtention of ophuirid and crinoïd mRNA

Digestive coeca were excised from their bodies and mRNA was obtained from Uptizol (Interchim) then quality controls were operated.

### Sequencing

Sequencing was made on Illumina Next Seq 500 with paired-end: 2. 75 bp. Transcriptome was assembled from RNA-Seq fastq files using Trinity v2.1.1 with default parameters [5]. A BLAST database was created with the assembled transcripts using makeblastdb application from ncbi-blast+ (v2.2.31+). The sequences of transcripts of interest were then blasted against this database using blastn application from ncbi-blast+ with parameter word\_size 7 [6].

## RESULTS

MHC gene Class II appears in the genome of *Ophiocomina nigra* and *Antedon bifida* one, in a significant manner. The transcriptomes are given with their sequences. *Ophiocomina*

*nigra* results show the “HLA-DRB1” transcriptome which possesses a short sequence but a significative one:

```
>TRINITY_DN4807_c1_g1_i1
5'CATATAGTTAGGGGGTATAAAAAAAATGACTCC
GGTTACTGACATATTGGGACCCAA
CTGTCCAAGAAAATTATAGCCCTATAAATTATA
ATTATTAAATTTGTTCTCTTG
TATAGGGACCAGAGCCAATCCCACTGGAAGTTAGG
GCACGAGCAGTCAGAACCAATTAA
AAATGTAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAATAAAAAAA
TTAAAAAAAAAAAAAAATAAAAA
AATTAAAAAAAAAAAAATAAA3'
```

**Secondly, a HLA-DQB1 class II gene was found in *O. nigra*: The sequence of the transcriptome follows**

```
>TRINITY_DN20883_c0_g1_i1 HLA-DQB1
5'GTAAAACAGCATTTCATCTGAAAAGAAATTCAAT
GTCAAAGTTCAAAACTCTGTGAAG
ACTTGAATGCAAAAGTACTCAAGTCCATCACATA
TTTGGCATTAGATATGATCTTC
CAAAGATTTAAAATAAAACAAAAGAAAAACCAA
AAGAAGAAAAAATTAAACAAAAAAA
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**Corresponding author:** Dr. Michel Leclerc, Director, Laboratory Immunology of Invertebrates, Orleans University, 556 rue Isabelle Romee, 45640 Sandillon, France, E-mail: mleclerc45@gmail.com

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TAAAGGGCAAAAAAATTTAAAAAAA  
CCCCATTTTTGGGTCTAAAAAA

AAAAAAAAAAAAATCGC3'

MHC class I genes appear in the **Table 1** in *Antedon bifida*.

**Table 1.** MHC class I genes of *Antedon bifida*.

QueryID	Query Name	Subject ID	Identity (%)	Length	Mismatch	Gap open	Query cover (%)	E-value	Bitscore
NM_005 516.6	HLA-E	TRINITY_DN19 334_c8_g2_i1	88.15	287	28	4	11.00	2.00E-91	337.00
NM_005 514.8	HLA-B	TRINITY_DN15 013_c0_g1_i1	100.00	21	0	0	1.00	3.70E-02	39.90

**Class I, HLA-E, HLA-B, Transcriptomes are given in 5'-3'**

**First HLA-E:**

>TRINITY\_DN19334\_c8\_g2\_i1 HLA-E  
5'TGTAATCCCAGCACTTGGGAGGCCGAGGCAGGGC  
GGATCACGAGGTAGGAGATCGAGAC  
CATCTGGCTAACACAGTGAAACCCGTCTACTA  
AAAATACAAAAAATTAGCCGGCG  
TGGTGGCGGGCGCTGTAGTCCAGCTACTCGGG  
GGCTGAGGCAGGAGAATGGCGTGAA  
CCCGGGAGGCGGAGCTGCAGTGAGCCGAGATCG  
GCCACTGCACTCCAGCCTGGCGAC  
AGAGCGAGACTCTGTCTCAAAAAAAAAAAAAA  
AAAAAAA3'

**Secondly HLA-B:**

>TRINITY\_DN15013\_c0\_g1\_i1 HLA-B  
5'GCCGAATATGATGCAGAGGTATCAGGGGGTGAAG  
CATCTGGAGGTGAGGTATGGCAGGA  
GAGGCATCTGGGGAGAAGCTGAACAATCTGACAA  
TGAAAGCGATTAGATAACATT  
TAATTCTAGTTGCAGCCTAAATATTCGATATTACT  
TTTTTTACTAGTTGAATGATTAA  
AAAAGAAAGCAACAACGTGGTAATATTGCTAATT  
ATGAAATGAAAAATGTTAATGTG  
GCCCTGACACTAAATTGAAACTGTTTTAGTAAT  
AAGAATTCAATAGCTCTGAA  
AGAAGATGTCTTGAGAGAGTAATATTGACAGGT  
TCAGTGTATTAAAGACTTAAATG  
TAAAGCAGAGATGTAACTAGAGAAACCTAGATATT  
GATGTCAACAAACTAAGGGTGCATG  
GAAAATGTGAAAGACTTAAAGAGTGGGTGACCC  
CCTACCAACACAATTCAATCCATGT

TTGAGGCTTTTCATTAGCCTAATAGTGAAGTCA  
GTGGCGTAAGGCCCTGTTAG  
CACTCCTAACGGGCCCTAATGATGGATAATTGTATT  
GGGCTCTCATGCTGGGCCCT  
GGGTTAGCTAGTGAGTGCTCATAGCAGTTGGCTG  
GGCAAGGTTAGAAAGCAATGGTTCT  
GTGCAGACATTGCATTAATTGACCAATATTCAA  
ATCGTGTGTTACACAGGAATCATA  
ACCTAATCAGCAGTTTTTAATAAACATTGCATC  
TTGGTCGACGTAATATTGTTATGG  
ACTGTCTGTGAAACCATGTGAATCTAAACTCTTAAA  
AATGCCTGCCTCTGTCCTGC

TAAATATAAATTGTTTCTCAATTAGGCG3'

## CONCLUSION

From data to data it appears that Echinodermata possesses a sophisticated immune system. We recall the existence of B lymphocytes, T lymphocytes with the sea star as model of study, the IPA (Invertebrate Primitive Antibody) we meet in Asterids, Ophuirids, Crinoïds, the Igkappa genes, in these last ones such as Fag gene, Fc receptor gene, Cr gene, at last MHC class I, class II genes, all that is disturbing for classic scientifics, in 2019.

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