## Journal of Women's Health & Safety Research

JWHSR, 5(S1): 17 www.scitcentral.com



ISSN: 2577-1388

**Abstract: Open Access** 

## Clinical Spectrum and Atypical Presentation of COVID-19 in Hospitalized Children below 14 Years in a Tertiary Care Hospital: Prospective **Observational Study**

## Shweta Pathak\*, Monica Lazarus and Pawan Ghanghoriya

\*Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose Medical College, Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh, India.

Published February 05, 2021

## **ABSTRACT**

Background: Since December, 2019, an outbreak of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) has spread globally. India is now 2<sup>nd</sup> worst affected country after USA. In central India, a very little is known about the clinical spectrum and severity of COVID-19 in children.

Objectives: To assess the clinical characteristics of hospitalized COVID-19 infected children below 14 years of age and to describe atypical presentations of COVID 19 in children.

**Design:** Prospective observational study.

**Setting:** Tertiary care centre and a dedicated covid hospital in central India.

Participants: All the children less than 14 years admitted with the laboratory conformed diagnosis of COVID-19 between 14<sup>th</sup> April to 30<sup>th</sup> October 2020 were enrolled in this study.

Results: 45 children were admitted with COVID-19. The most common symptom were fever 17(37%), cough 8(17.7%), breathing difficulty 5 (11%), nausea and vomiting 4(8.8%) and seizure 4(8.8%). 10 (22.2%) children admitted in the hospital needed critical care. 23 (51%) children were asymptomatic, 8(17%) children were having mild symptoms, 4 (8.8%) had moderate disease and 10 children were admitted with severe/critical disease {Septic shock with respiratory failure 4(8.8%), Guillain barre syndrome 1(2%), Encephalitis 2(4%), Kawasaki disease 1(2%), ARDS 2(4%)}. 3 (6.6%) children died in the hospital of age group between 2-3 months and remaining 42(93.3%) children discharged successfully.

Conclusion: Our study shows that Pediatrics patients with COVID-19 have a simple transmission mode, either by close contact with infected adults or by exposure to epidemic areas. Early identification and management of severe disease as described n our case study can lead to significant change in their outcome (66.6% survival among critically ill children on mechanical ventilator).

**Keywords:** COVID 19, Children, Clinical features

Corresponding author: Shweta Pathak, Assistant Professor, Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose Medical College, Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh, India, E-mail: drsp83@gmail.com

Citation: Pathak S, Lazarus M & Ghanghoriya P. (2021) Clinical Spectrum and Atypical Presentation of COVID-19 in Hospitalized Children below 14 Years in a Tertiary Care Hospital: Prospective Observational Study. J Womens Health Safety Res, 5(S1): 17.

Copyright: ©2021 Pathak S, Lazarus M & Ghanghoriya P. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.